Michigan Department of Treasury 2766 (Rev. 05-16)

Property Transfer Affidavit

This form is issued under authority of P.A. 415 of 1994. Filing is mandatory.

This form must be filed whenever real estate or some types of personal property are transferred (even if you are not recording a deed). The completed Affidavit must be filed by the new owner with the assessor for the city or township where the property is located within 45 days of the transfer. The information on this form is NOT CONFIDENTIAL.

Street Address of Property		2. County	2. County			Date of Transfer (or land contract signed)	
Location of Real Estate (Check appropriate field and enter name in the space		below.) 5. Purc		5. Purchas	se Price of R	Real Estate	
City Township Village							
				6. Seller's (Transferor) Name			
7. Property Identification Number (PIN). If you don't have a PIN, attach legal description.				Buyer's (Transferee) Name and Mailing Address			
PIN. This number ranges from 10 to 25 digits. It usually letters. It is on the property tax bill and on the assessment		d sometimes	includes				
				Buyer's (Transferee) Telephone Number			
					`	, ,	
Items 10 - 15 are optional. However, by complet							
10. Type of Transfer. <u>Transfers</u> include, but are not limited page 2 for list.	d to, deeds, land cont	racts, transfer	s involvin	g trusts or v	vills, certain	long-term leases and business interest. See	
Land Contract Lease		Deed			Other (sp	ecify)	
11. Was property purchased from a financial institution?	12. Is the transfer bety	veen related p	ersons?		13. Amoun	13. Amount of Down Payment	
Yes No	Yes	<u>L</u>	No				
If you financed the purchase, did you pay market rate of interest? 15. Amount Financed (Borro				rrowed)			
Yes No							
EXEMPTIONS							
Certain types of transfers are exempt from uncap If you claim an exemption, your assessor may req					te below th	ne type of exemption you are claiming.	
Transfer from one spouse to the other spous	•	.о то остро	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Change in ownership solely to exclude or include a spouse							
Transfer between certain family members *(see page 2)							
Transfer of that portion of a property subjec	et to a life lease or li	fe estate (ui	ntil the lif	fe lease or	life estate	expires)	
Transfer between certain family members of		•				, ,	
by transferor ** (see page 2)							
Transfer to effect the foreclosure or forfeitur	re of real property						
Transfer by redemption from a tax sale							
Transfer into a trust where the settlor or the settlor's spouse conveys property to the trust and is also the sole beneficiary of the trust							
Transfer resulting from a court order unless the order specifies a monetary payment							
Transfer creating or ending a joint tenancy if at least one person is an original owner of the property (or his/her spouse)							
Transfer to establish or release a security interest (collateral)							
Transfer of real estate through normal public trading of stock							
Transfer between entities under common control or among members of an affiliated group							
Transfer resulting from transactions that qualify as a tax-free reorganization under Section 368 of the Internal Revenue Code.							
Transfer of qualified agricultural property when the control of th	hen the property re	mains quali	fied agric	cultural pro	operty and	affidavit has been filed.	
Transfer of qualified forest property when the	ne property remains	qualified fo	rest pro	perty and	affidavit ha	as been filed.	
Transfer of land with qualified conservation							
Other, specify:	oucomon (iuma on	.,op.		,			
CERTIFICATION							
I certify that the information above is true and com	anlete to the hest of	my knowled	dae				
Printed Name	ipiete to the best of	THY KHOWIEC					
Circolina					Det		
Signature					Date		
	<u> </u>						
Name and title, if signer is other than the owner	Daytime Phone Numb	er			E-mail Add	dress	

Instructions:

This form must be filed when there is a transfer of real property or one of the following types of personal property:

- · Buildings on leased land.
- Leasehold improvements, as defined in MCL Section 211.8(h).
- Leasehold estates, as defined in MCL Section 211.8(i) and (j).

Transfer of ownership means the conveyance of title to or a present interest in property, including the beneficial use of the property. For complete descriptions of qualifying transfers, please refer to MCL Section 211.27a(6)(a-i).

Excerpts from Michigan Compiled Laws (MCL), Chapter 211

**Section 211.27a(7)(d): Beginning December 31, 2014, a transfer of that portion of residential real property that had been subject to a life estate or life lease retained by the transferor resulting from expiration or termination of that life estate or life lease, if the transferee is the transferor's or transferor's spouse's mother, father, brother, sister, son, daughter, adopted son, adopted daughter, grandson, or granddaughter and the residential real property is not used for any commercial purpose following the transfer. Upon request by the department of treasury or the assessor, the transferee shall furnish proof within 30 days that the transferee meets the requirements of this subdivision. If a transferee fails to comply with a request by the department of treasury or assessor under this subdivision, that transferee is subject to a fine of \$200.00.

*Section 211.27a(7)(u): Beginning December 31, 2014, a transfer of residential real property if the transferee is the transferor's or the transferor's spouse's mother, father, brother, sister, son, daughter, adopted son, adopted daughter, grandson, or granddaughter and the residential real property is not used for any commercial purpose following the conveyance. Upon request by the department of treasury or the assessor, the transferee shall furnish proof within 30 days that the transferee meets the requirements of this subparagraph. If a transferee fails to comply with a request by the department of treasury or assessor under this subparagraph, that transferee is subject to a fine of \$200.00.

Section 211.27a(10): "... the buyer, grantee, or other transferee of the property shall notify the appropriate assessing office in the local unit of government in which the property is located of the transfer of ownership of the property within 45 days of the transfer of ownership, on a form prescribed by the state tax commission that states the parties to the transfer, the date of the transfer, the actual consideration for the transfer, and the property's parcel identification number or legal description."

Section 211.27(5): "Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6), the purchase price paid in a transfer of property is not the presumptive true cash value of the property transferred. In determining the true cash value of transferred property, an assessing officer shall assess that property using the same valuation method used to value all other property of that same classification in the assessing jurisdiction."

Penalties:

Section 211.27b(1): "If the buyer, grantee, or other transferee in the immediately preceding transfer of ownership of property does not notify the appropriate assessing office as required by section 27a(10), the property's taxable value shall be adjusted under section 27a(3) and all of the following shall be levied:

- (a) Any additional taxes that would have been levied if the transfer of ownership had been recorded as required under this act from the date of transfer.
- (b) Interest and penalty from the date the tax would have been originally levied.
- (c) For property classified under section 34c as either industrial real property or commercial real property, a penalty in the following amount:
- (i) Except as otherwise provided in subparagraph (ii), if the sale price of the property transferred is \$100,000,000.00 or less, \$20.00 per day for each separate failure beginning after the 45 days have elapsed, up to a maximum of \$1,000.00.
- (ii) If the sale price of the property transferred is more than \$100,000,000.00, \$20,000.00 after the 45 days have elapsed.
- (d) For real property other than real property classified under section 34c as industrial real property or commercial real property, a penalty of \$5.00 per day for each separate failure beginning after the 45 days have elapsed, up to a maximum of \$200.00.